# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Eastern District of California

United States of America	)	
V.	)	
JAIME LEIGH GRACEY	) Case No. 2:21-MJ-00068-DB-2	
Defendant	)	
ORDER OF DETEN	TION PENDING TRIAL	
Part I - Eligil	oility for Detention	
Upon the		
X Motion of the Government attorney pursua	ant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1), or	
	motion pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(2),	
	n is warranted. This order sets forth the Court's findings of fact	
Part II - Findings of Fact and La	w as to Presumptions under § 3142(e)	
presumption that no condition or combination of contant and the community because the following conditions  (1) the defendant is charged with one of the factorial (a) a crime of violence, a violation of 18 § 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum (b) an offense for which the maximum (c) an offense for which a maximum term (c) and (c) an offense for which a maximum term (c) and (c) an offense for which a maximum term (c) and (c) an offense for which a maximum term (c) and (c) an offense for which a maximum term (c) and (c) an offense for which a maximum term (c) and (c) an offense for which a maximum term (c) and (c) an offense for which a maximum term (c) and (c) an offense for which a maximum term (c) and (c) an offense for which a maximum term (c) and (c) an offense for which a maximum term (c) and (c) an offense for which a maximum term (c) and (c) an offense for which a maximum term (c) and (c) and (c) an offense for which a maximum term (c) and (c) an	following crimes described in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1): 8 U.S.C. § 1591, or an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed; or sentence is life imprisonment or death; or m of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the § 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act	
(d) any felony if such person has been c  (a) through (c) of this paragraph, or two described in subparagraphs (a) through jurisdiction had existed, or a combination		
(e) any felony that is not otherwise a cri		
	a firearm or destructive device (as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921); ) a failure to register under 18 U.S.C. § 2250; <i>and</i>	
	ted of a Federal offense that is described in 18 U.S.C.	
§ 3142(f)(1), or of a State or local offense that to Federal jurisdiction had existed; <i>and</i>	at would have been such an offense if a circumstance giving rise	
	ove for which the defendant has been convicted was	
committed while the defendant was on releas	e pending trial for a Federal, State, or local offense; and	

(4) a period of not more than five years has elapsed since the date of conviction, or the release of the defendant from imprisonment, for the offense described in paragraph (2) above, whichever is later.

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X B. Rebuttable Presumption Arises Under 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(3) (narcotics, firearm, other offenses): There is a rebuttable presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the appearance of the defendant as required and the safety of the community because there is probable cause to believe that the defendant committed one or more of the following offenses:
X (1) an offense for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508);
(2) an offense under 18 U.S.C. §§ 924(c), 956(a), or 2332b; (3) an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. § 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed;
(4) an offense under Chapter 77 of Title 18, U.S.C. (18 U.S.C. §§ 1581-1597) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 20 years or more is prescribed; or
(5) an offense involving a minor victim under 18 U.S.C. §§ 1201, 1591, 2241, 2242, 2244(a)(1), 2245, 2251, 2251A, 2252(a)(1), 2252(a)(2), 2252(a)(3), 2252A(a)(1), 2252A(a)(2), 2252A(a)(3), 2252A(a)(4), 2260, 2421, 2422, 2423, or 2425.
XC. Conclusions Regarding Applicability of Any Presumption Established Above
X The defendant has not introduced sufficient evidence to rebut the presumption above, and detention is ordered on that basis. (Part III need not be completed.)
OR
The defendant has presented evidence sufficient to rebut the presumption, but after considering the presumption and the other factors discussed below, detention is warranted.
Part III - Analysis and Statement of the Reasons for Detention
After considering the factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g) and the information presented at the detention hearing the Court concludes that the defendant must be detained pending trial because the Government has proven:
By clear and convincing evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure the safety of any other person and the community.
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Significant family or other ties outside the United States
Lack of legal status in the United States
Subject to removal or deportation after serving any period of incarceration
Prior failure to appear in court as ordered
Prior attempt(s) to evade law enforcement
Use of alias(es) or false documents
Background information unknown or unverified
Prior violations of probation, parole, or supervised release

#### OTHER REASONS OR FURTHER EXPLANATION:

### Part IV - Directions Regarding Detention

The defendant is remanded to the custody of the Attorney General or to the Attorney General's designated representative for confinement in a corrections facility separate, to the extent practicable, from persons awaiting or serving sentences or being held in custody pending appeal. The defendant must be afforded a reasonable opportunity for private consultation with defense counsel. On order of a court of the United States or on request of an attorney for the Government, the person in charge of the corrections facility must deliver the defendant to a United States Marshal for the purpose of an appearance in connection with a court proceeding.

Dated: May 5, 2021

DEBORAH BARNES

UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE